



# Solidia Technologies: an example of Carbon Capture and Utilization

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LafargeHolcim

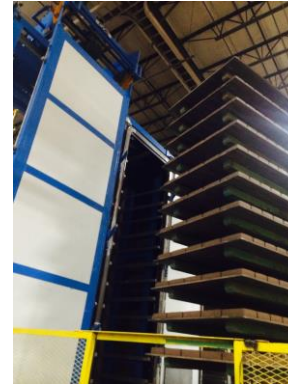
# Solidia Cement: a Low-Calcium Silicate Cement (CSC)

## Who is Solidia Technologies?

- US start-up founded in 2008
- Funding: \$80 Millions from investors
  - Kleiner Perkins Caufield & Byers, Bright Capital, BASF Venture Capital, BP Ventures, LafargeHolcim, Total, Air Liquide, Oil & Gas Climate Initiative...



## Development of a non-hydrating binder that reacts with CO<sub>2</sub> for precast concrete



# Solidia Technologies solution

## Technical solution: cement & concrete



- Same raw materials



- Same kiln



- Same mix components
- Same mixer
- Same cycle time



- Same forming casting
- Same cycle time



- CO<sub>2</sub>-Curing
- Reduced curing times (24 hours vs. 28 days)

### Solidia Cement™

CO<sub>2</sub> emissions at cement plant reduced by 250 kg (per ton of clinker)

### Solidia Concrete™

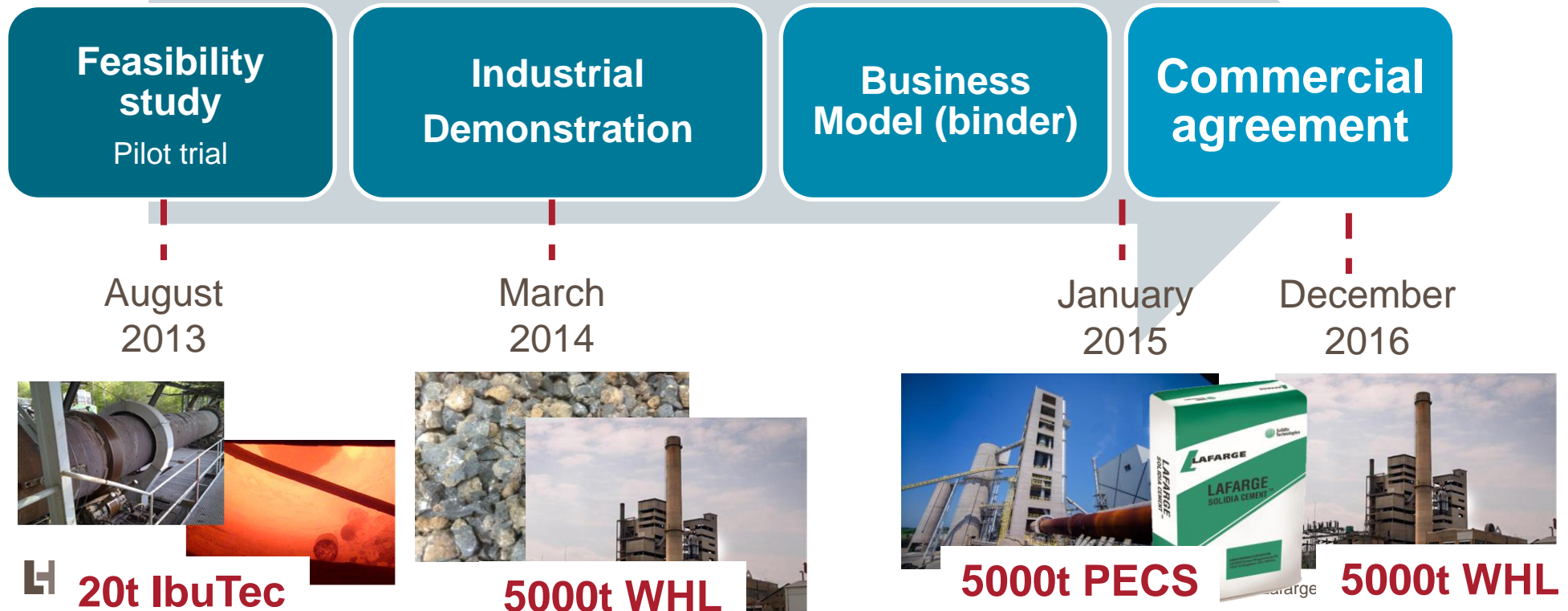
Up to 300 kg of CO<sub>2</sub> permanently stored in concrete (per ton of cement used)

# From partnership to commercial agreement

## Partnership LafargeHolcim / Solidia Technologies

- Step 1 – August 2013: JDA between Lafarge and Solidia Technologies
- Step 2 – January 2015: Commercial agreement

Commitments  
Lafarge/Solidia :  
5 + 5 years



# Solidia Concrete

## Benefit Summary

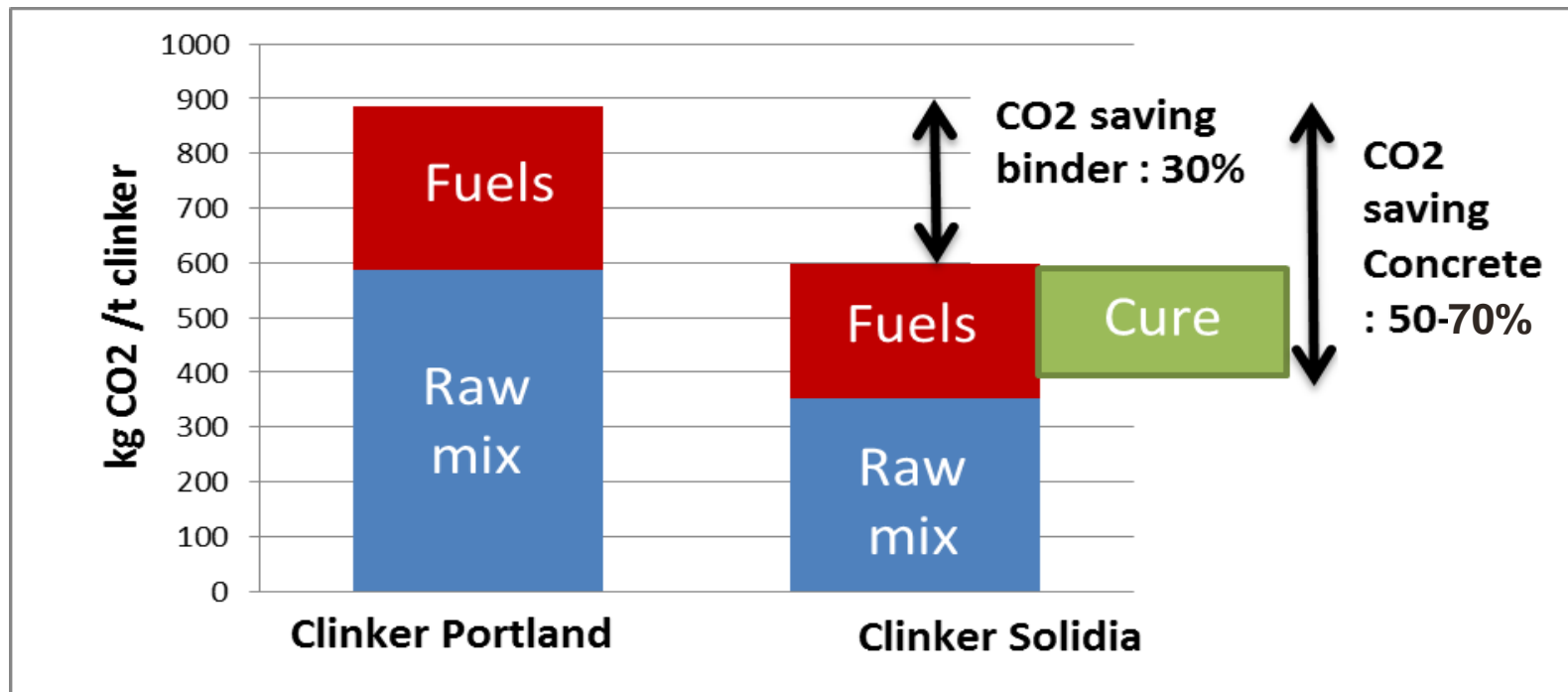


<h3>Product</h3>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Same mix designs</li><li>▪ 28-day strength in &lt; 1 Day</li><li>▪ Low shrinkage</li><li>▪ Light cement colour</li><li>▪ Better pigmentation</li></ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ No <math>\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2</math>:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Low efflorescence</li><li>▪ ...</li></ul></li></ul>
<h3>Process</h3>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Same mixing / forming</li><li>▪ Rapid cure</li><li>▪ Fast clean-up</li><li>▪ Reduced concrete waste</li></ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Streamlined post-cure processes</li><li>▪ Reduced inventory</li><li>▪ Extended production season</li></ul>
<h3>Sustainability</h3>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Up to 70% reduction in <math>\text{CO}_2</math> footprint</li><li>▪ Consumes waste <math>\text{CO}_2</math></li><li>▪ Stores as stable calcium carbonate</li><li>▪ 80% of process water can be recycled</li></ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Local raw materials</li><li>▪ Potential carbon credits</li><li>▪ Sustainable construction credits</li></ul>

# Solidia Technologies solution

## Technical solution: CO<sub>2</sub> emissions reductions

- Clinker composition: Wollastonite (CS), Rankinite (C<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>) & Belite (C<sub>2</sub>S)
- Different raw mix: Target – 1:1 C/S molar ratio → less limestone used
- Lower clinkering T°C than for OPC: 1250°C // 1450°C



# Solidia Cement

## CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions and Sequestration per ton of Clinker

Clinker Type	Limestone Decomposition	Fossil Fuel Combustion	Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions	Sequestered CO <sub>2</sub> in Concrete
<b>PC Clinker</b>	540 kg	270 kg	810 kg	-
<b>CSC Clinker</b>	375 kg	190 kg	565 kg	up to 300 kg

- No clinker dilution taken into account for both clinkers
- Grinding energy not taken into account (raw mix and clinker)

# Solidia Cement production

## Cement production in Whitehall plant (USA)

- Raw materials used available in the quarry:
  - Quarry rock: limestone containing some silica and minor elements ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{MgO}$ ,  $\text{SO}_3$ )
  - Sand: mainly  $\text{SiO}_2$
- Fuels used: Petcoke / Coal / Plastics
- 4 stages preheater kiln

		PC clinker	Solidia Clinker
Period		Normal production	Stable production period
Specific heat consumption (SHC)	GJ/t ck	3.89	3.16
Stack $\text{CO}_2$	%	24.4	14.2
$\text{CO}_2$ emissions	$\text{Nm}^3/\text{t ck}$	474	334



**30% emissions reductions**

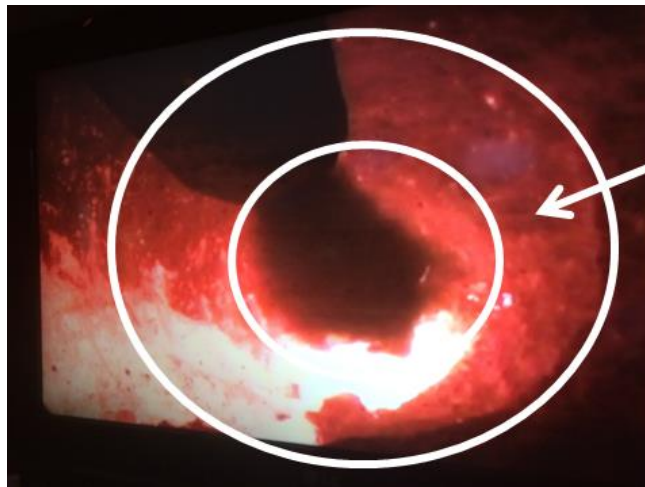


# Solidia Cement production

## Cement production in Whitehall plant (USA)

- Productibility possible improvements:

- Throughput of the kiln to optimize
- Different behaviour in the kiln than an OPC clinker
  - New operational conditions to follow
  - Clinkering habits to be adapted and changed
- Good compromise to be found in between quality and behavior in the kiln
  - Avoid over burning → rings formation
  - Potential kiln stops
- Grindability equivalent to OPC



Ring formed and gummy material going through

- **Even all these production aspects, this first industrial trial proved 30% CO<sub>2</sub> emissions reduction**

# Solidia Concrete

## CO<sub>2</sub> footprint reduction due to concrete uptake

- Two applications tested:
  - Pavers
  - Hollow cores

### Press machine



Fresh Solidia Concrete

### CO<sub>2</sub> curing



Fresh Solidia Concrete  
in contact with CO<sub>2</sub> (24h)



# Solidia Concrete

## CO<sub>2</sub> footprint reduction due to concrete uptake

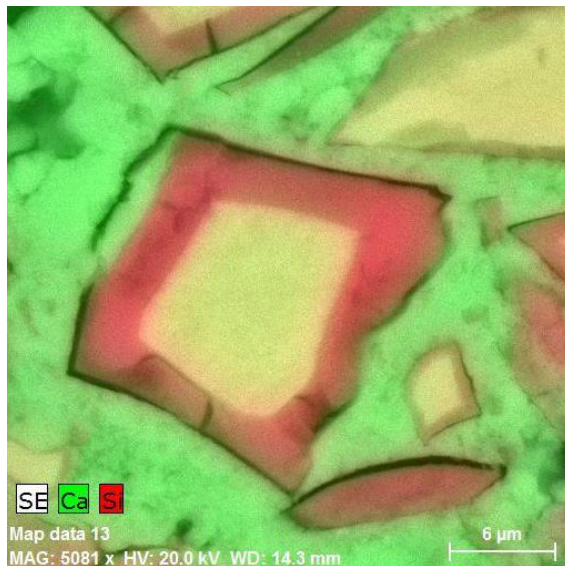
- Carbonation efficiency followed by mass gain (CO<sub>2</sub> uptake)

Concrete Product	Mass Gain (CO <sub>2</sub> uptake), %
Paver	3.4
Hollow Core	3.3

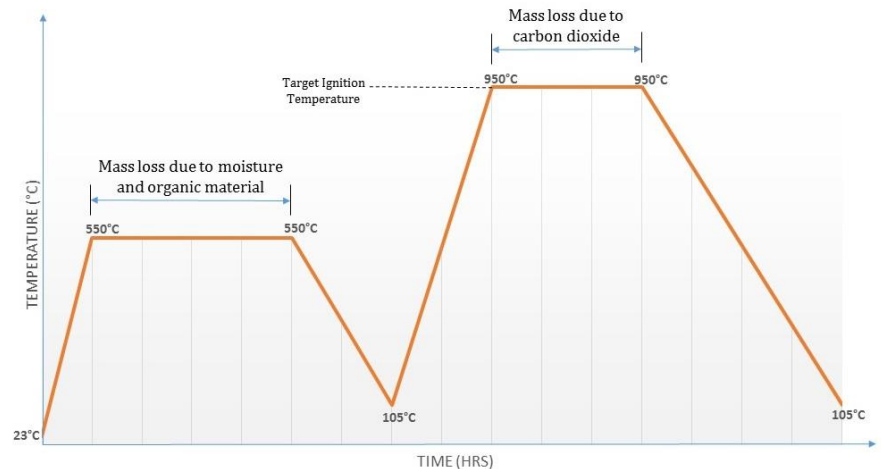
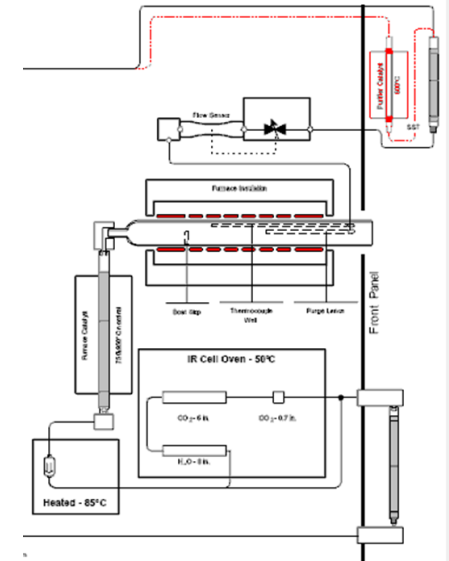
CS = CaSiO<sub>3</sub>

Si = Silica

Ca = CaCO<sub>3</sub>



- Lab C and H measurements in a oven coupled to IR cell vs. temperature profile



# Solidia Concrete

## Total CO<sub>2</sub> savings

Concrete Product	Mass Gain (CO <sub>2</sub> uptake), %	CO <sub>2</sub> Sequestered /t of Cement	CO <sub>2</sub> Savings/t of Cement	Total CO <sub>2</sub> Savings/t of Cement	Total CO <sub>2</sub> Savings, % (vs. 810kg for OPC)
Paver	3.4	236 kg	245 kg	481 kg	<b>59.4</b>
Hollow Core	3.3	220 kg	245 kg	465 kg	<b>57.4</b>

CO<sub>2</sub> captured in the concrete

CO<sub>2</sub> saved during clinker production

Two applications within the CO<sub>2</sub> savings announced were proved

# Solidia Technologies Developments

- **1<sup>st</sup> industrial pilot (USA): revamping existing chamber**



### *Typical Run:*

- ~8,000 pavers
- 40 t concrete,
- 5 t cement

### *Pavers quality:*

- $C_s > 8000 \text{ psi} = 55 \text{ MPa}$
- F/T pass

- **2<sup>nd</sup> industrial pilot (UK): New designed chamber**



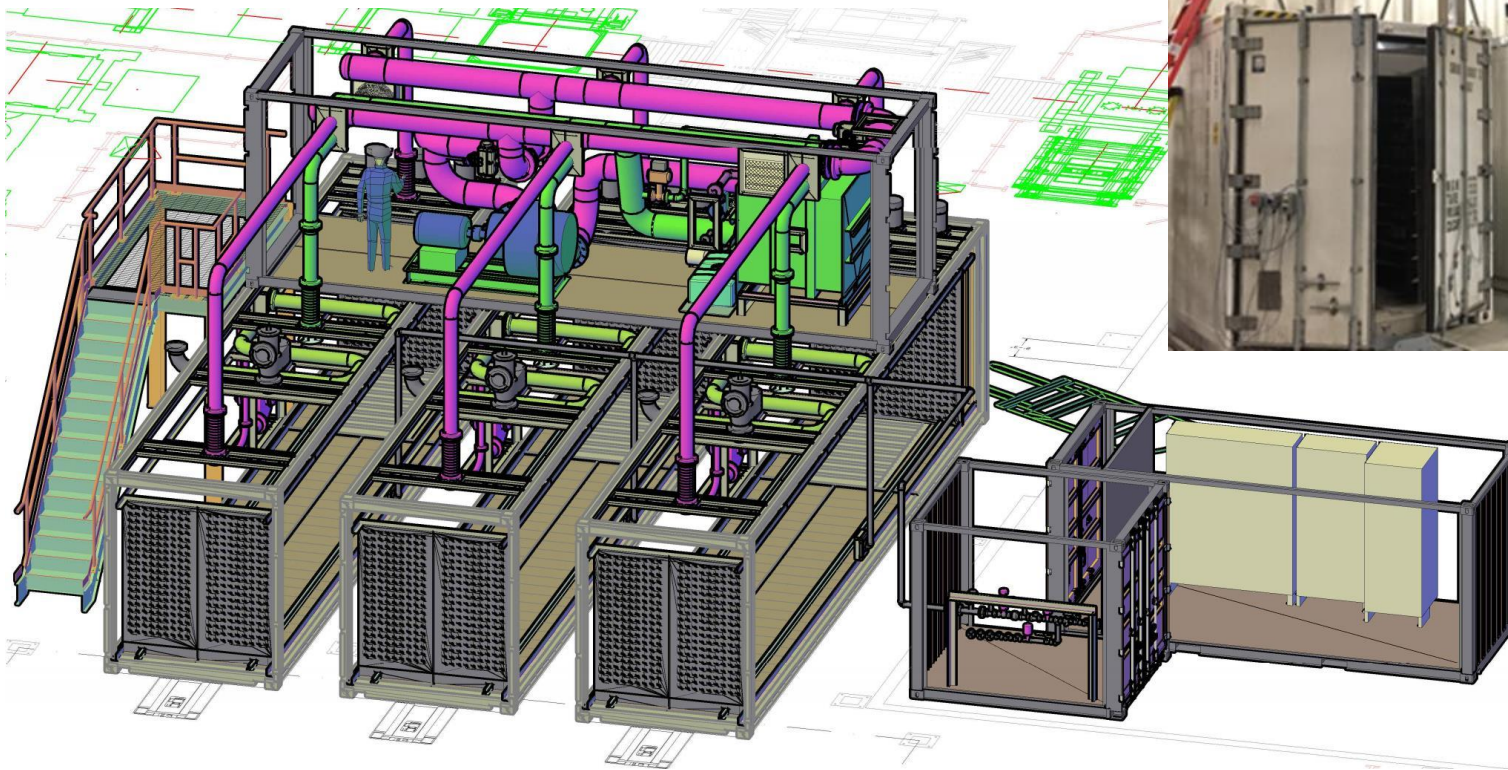
- Equipment commissioning started August 2017
- 20 runs performed

### *Pavers quality (EN1338):*

- $T_s > 3.6 \text{ MPa}$
- F/T pass for some runs

# Solidia Technologies Developments

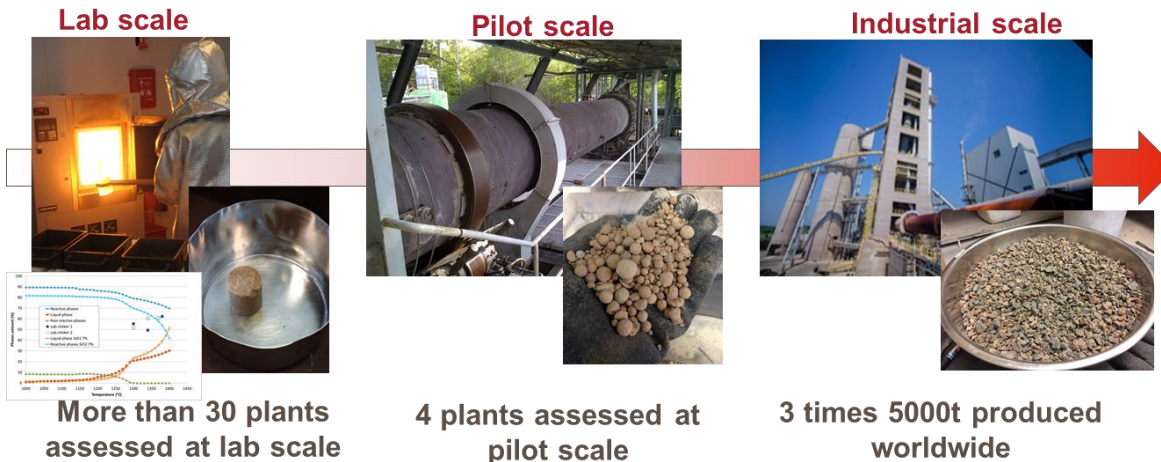
- **A 3<sup>rd</sup> industrial pilot under commissioning (Canada)**
  - Equipment commissioning started June 2018
  - 4 runs performed already



# Conclusions

## What has been developed to date?

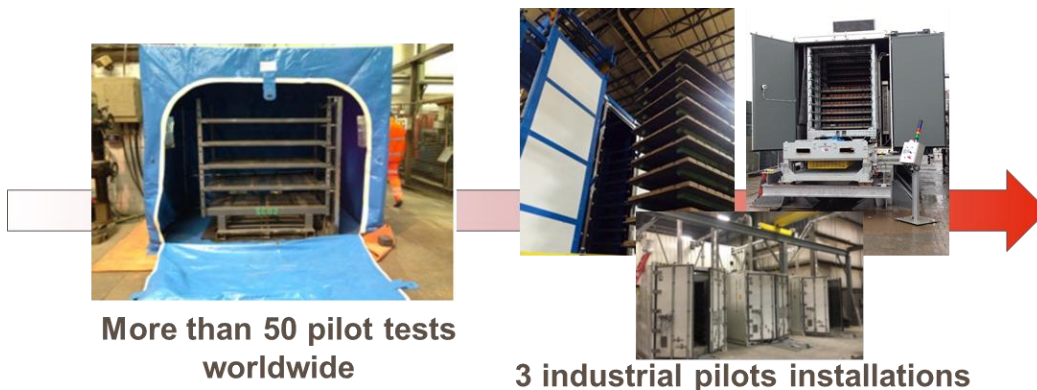
- *On the cement side:*



### *Durability & Market Acceptance:*

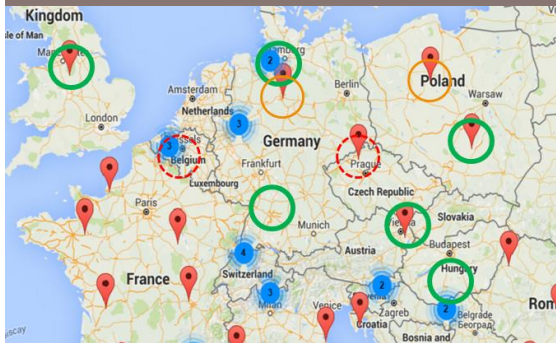
- ETA for the cement on-going
- Long-term durability assessment

- *On the concrete side:*



# Conclusions: Solidia Technologies business model , a complete integrated solution to precast customers

## Solidia Cement footprint LafargeHolcim



- Raw material quality
- Plant process capability
- Product performance
- Logistic
- Durability
- R&D

## Solidia technology Solidia Technologies

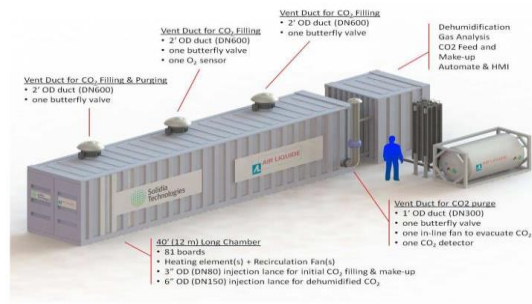


Figure 1: Rendition drawing of the mobile curing chamber with LCO<sub>2</sub> supply

- Raw material selection
- Mix Design
- Testing
- Curing process
- Durability

## CO<sub>2</sub> management Air Liquide



- CO<sub>2</sub> capture
- CO<sub>2</sub> sourcing and supply
- Equipment design

Integrated offer from LH

Precast customers



## Pavers job site with Solidia Concrete



# Thank you for your attention, Questions?

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[www.solidlife.eu](http://www.solidlife.eu)

